

POLICE



MEETING THE CHALLENGES



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Our Mission

Our mission is to uphold the law and maintain peace and order in J&K so that democracy flourishes. For this, we have to protect life and property, prevent crime and disorder, detect and apprehend terrorists and create a sense of security amongst the citizens.



MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE



J&K Police continues to widen its reach and role in keeping with the decision of the Government to make the Police the main bulwark in anti-militancy operations. To this end, during the last two years, 10221 additional posts were sanctioned including two IR Bns. to strengthen the force. Two more IR Bns., manpower for 114 Border Posts and 4

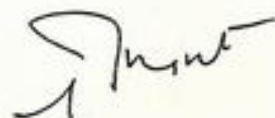
Coys of DAR have been sanctioned by the MHA in December 1998. While about 5,000 trained constables have joined their units during 1998, about 4,500 will complete their training by the middle of 1999 and another 4,000 by the end of the year. Simultaneously, the equipment has substantially been upgraded with emphasis on weaponry and communications. A computerized Finger Print Bureau has been established in the Crime Branch and a sophisticated Fire Arms Training Simulator is in the process of procurement. A major project for computerisation of records of all police units and networking through V-Sat terminal is under implementation. I am grateful to Dr Farooq Abdullah, Chief Minister, J&K for making all this possible by his generous support to all our proposals.

The training forms the backbone of an efficient Police force and adequate attention has been paid to impart required skills through initial and in-service training. The training infrastructure has been augmented with establishment of Police Training Schools at Kathua and Manigam. Subsidiary Training Centres at Talwara (Reasi) and Channi Himmat (Jammu) have been established in November 1998 so that recruits can be trained within the State. The Academic Council of the Police Academy, during a meeting in December 1998, has taken decisions with far reaching consequences for improving the content and inputs of training. As a follow up, a Technical Training Centre has been established at Vijaypur (Samba) for specialised training in intelligence, security, telecommunication and photography. A Computer Training School is being established in the State Crime Records Bureau.

With the registration of the J&K Police Housing Corporation, a major project for construction of 1517 family quarters has been started under the 10th Finance Commission Award. The Housing Corporation in times to come will be able to fulfill the growing needs of residential and office accommodation. During the last 2 years, in a specific drive, 52 Police Stations were renovated and accommodation added in some of them. Substantial accommodation for *Jawans* was added in the Police Lines in Jammu, Srinagar; Budgam as well as border police stations of districts of Jammu, Kathua, Baramulla and Kupwara. 20 Buildings of Border Police Stations/Posts are under construction.

Attention has also been paid towards the welfare of serving and retired policemen and families of deceased policemen. Scholarships were given to 71 children of deceased police personnel and functions organized in Jammu and Srinagar to honour family members of police personnel who were killed while fighting militants. 174 individuals were provided jobs in the Department in terms of SRO 43 so that families of deceased police personnel can be better looked after. A scheme has recently been launched by the PHQ through which the next of kin of deceased policemen will be visited regularly to redress their grievances.

I would like to complement the officers and men of the force for their performance in anti-militancy operations during 1998. The normal functioning of *Thanas* and all Wings of the Police in anti-militancy operations augurs well for the force. The joint operations by STF, *Thana* Police and JKAP have provided good results. In the new year, with addition of more trained police personnel, our areas of operation and effectiveness will have to spread and J&K Police will have to spearhead the drive against residual militancy. Every member will have to contribute in this effort. On this occasion, I would also like to recall sacrifices made by Police personnel and members of SF and PMF during the last one decade in J&K. During 1998, J&K Police lost another 54 brave men while fighting militants. We remain committed to devote ourselves to the cause for which they laid down their lives. Our resolve to bring back peace to the State is further strengthened by their supreme sacrifice.



(Gurbachan Jagat)
Director General of Police,
Jammu and Kashmir,
Jammu.

EDITORIAL

J&K Police has taken decisive strides during 1998 to meet the challenges posed by militancy. A new face of the force has emerged where all wings have contributed and put their heads together to fight militancy. The STF, *Thana* Police and Armed Police have begun working in cohesion. Ably supported by the intelligence, security, Crime Branch and Telecommunication Wing, the efforts of the Director General in this regard have begun bearing fruits. Joint STF, *Thana* Police and Armed Police compliments deployed in Kupwara, Poonch, Doda and higher reaches of Udhampur District have produced noticeable success. We have no doubt that the last year of this millennium will end with a formidable Police force in the State so that the people can fully enjoy the fruits of democracy and a popular rule.

A lot can be written about the changing face of the force, but we have made an attempt to concentrate on salient features of our activities during the year that has just ended. The generosity of the State Government led by Dr. Farooq Abdullah has brought about a sea change in the motivational level of the force. Sanctioning of additional posts has provided more teeth as also promotional avenues in all cadres and ranks. An efficient recruitment drive, organizing of training for thousands of newly recruited constables and officers by creation of new training infrastructure, modernization by way of better weaponry, telecommunication equipment, security gadgets and machines in the FSL are amongst steps taken to strengthen the force. A manifold increase in Police personnel actively involved in anti-militancy operations, large number of casualties inflicted on militants by J&K Police and recovery of weapons have been our achievements during the year. This annual issue of the Newsletter provides an insight into our performance. The details of registered crime and its disposal are covered in a sister publication from the Crime Branch and, therefore, do not find mention in this booklet.

The Force has lost 54 brave young men during 1998 while fighting militancy. We salute them as well as members of SF & PMF for the supreme sacrifice made by them for the security and territorial integrity of the country. Their sacrifices will not go waste. All the members of the force must resolve that the year 1999 will bring a new dawn to our beautiful State so that people can live in peace and tourists from all over the country throng in thousands. The confidence reposed by the Govt. in the State Police provides us the required motivation and we will leave no stone unturned to come to the expectations of the people of the State.



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ANTI-MILITANCY OPERATIONS BY J&K POLICE IN 1998

Towards Normalisation — Through shared vision, sound strategies and high motivation

The write-ups for this chapter have been contributed by Shri P.S. Gill, IPS, IGP Kashmir Zone, Shri Kuldeep Khoda, IPS, IGP Jammu Zone, Dr B. Srinivas, IPS, Commandant IR 11th Bn, Dr Kamal Saini, SP Border, Jammu, Shri Yoginder Kaul, Commandant JKAP 13th Bn and Shri Nisar Ahmed, SP CIDCIK. Their contributions are gratefully acknowledged.

- Editorial Board

INTRODUCTION

The active involvement of J&K Police in anti-militancy operations began with the experiment of Special Operations Groups (SOG) in June 1994. We



Militants surrendering before DGP, J&K.

have since then come a long way. The year 1998 saw the entire force joining hands to fight the militancy now spearheaded by foreign mercenaries. The recoveries made by J&K Police are 31% of total recoveries made by all forces. The militants arrested by J&K Police were 57% of total arrests and militants killed accounted for 15% of those killed by all forces during 1998. The security grid of SF, PMF and State Police established itself firmly on ground. The successes of the Police were a result of better leadership, high motivational level of the manpower and generous help from the Government which resulted in additional resources in the form of manpower, vehicles, technical gadgets and weapons. The training infrastructure has vastly improved. Every wing of the force has contributed in improving the output of the force. Once the newly recruited constables complete their training and take up their assignments, 2 more Bns. of IRP sanctioned

by the Central Government become operational and the chain of 114 border posts is established as a third line of defence, our response to Pak-designs will further improve. The year that has just begun should see the force reaching its peak and bringing back peace to the State.

KASHMIR PROVINCE

With the eruption of militancy in 1990, due to vitiated circumstances, the J&K Police which in past had always proved its skill on all the fronts as and when tested and even seized the first 100 A.Ks, became reticent. This period of hibernation of the police resulted in an upswing of militancy particularly in the valley. To combat militancy effectively, it was duly assessed that re-activation of police force was not only imperative but the un-avoidable panacea. Therefore, the Special Operation Group of Police comprising of a handful of volunteers among the



Weapons recovered by SOG Kupwara.

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force headed by a SP with a Coy of CRPF as backup force was established in district Srinagar in June 1994. The outstanding performance of this group while dealing with the insurgents and joining of more

volunteers encouraged the authorities to establish similar groups in other districts of the valley too. Since establishment of these groups, the situation on



Weapons recovered by SOG Budgam.

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militancy front has considerably improved coming back to near normal. With the increase in the structure of these groups their area of responsibility has also increased appreciably. Today in each district four or five Camps of each SOG are operating and are fighting the militancy effectively alongwith the security forces. For example, in district Anantnag, besides Hqrs. at Anantnag, SOG camps are operating at Srigufwara, Kokernag, Achabal and Aishmuqam independently and have been doing extremely well. From 1994 till date, the SOGs operating in the Valley have recovered as many as



Weapons recovered by SOG Baramulla.

2400 big weapons. During this period 2100 terrorists have been arrested/booked, 300 eliminated, whereas 600 terrorists came under pressure to surrender before the authorities. Militants outfits like Hizbullah, Al-Umar, Jamait-ul-Mujahideen, Tehreek-ul-Mujahideen, JKLF, Al-Barq, Al-Fateh, Muslim Mujahideen etc. were totally wiped out. The

harbourers, guides and motivators were targetted and the channels of funding were destroyed by arresting conduits involved in such trades. The persons involved in Hawala rackets were arrested and booked under the law. Fake currency rackets were busted by the SOGs and a number of militants dealing with manufacturing/distribution of fake currency were arrested with machinery and cash and booked as per law. In short, the entire supportive structure of militants was whittled down to near zero. The SOGs became the nemesis of the militant organisations and were responsible for decimating the top leadership. Some of the remaining ran to Nepal and Pak.

Successes of J&K Police in Kashmir Valley in anti-militancy operations during 1998.

Militants Arrested	497
Militants Killed	132
Recoveries	
A.K. Rifles	420
Pistols/Revolvers	140
UMGs/PMGs	27
RPGs	30
Missile Launchers	18
Other Weapons	46
Grenades	817
Detonators	1129
Bombs	44
Mines	260
Explosives	363 Kgs.
Rockets	37
Wireless Sets	144

Due to militancy, the Intelligence wing of the police was badly affected and for re-activation of the police force, revival of the intelligence gathering

was taken into hand with the establishment of SOGs in the valley. From 1994 result oriented sources were cultivated and intelligence gathered and recorded accordingly. Initially, in absence of identification of militant cadres and their supportive structure we had

Recoveries made by Intelligence Field Units of CID, CIK, Srinagar from July 1997 to Dec 1998

A.K. Rifles	4
A.K. Magazines	8
Hand Grenades	39
RPG Rockets	7

been facing lot of difficulties to launch an offensive against the ANEs. But with the revival of police particularly the SOGs, various militant outfits and cadres operating in the valley were identified and appropriately targetted. The remaining active militants operating in various areas of the valley stand identified and their photographs circulated amongst all anti-insurgency agencies for targetting appropriately.

While dealing with the ANEs in the valley, need to stop inflow of Pak trained militants into own side was to be checked effectively. For this purpose,



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Recoveries made by I.F.U.

a well organised Border Management Programme was introduced in Border District of Kupwara. Following the defensive lines of Army and BSF on the LAC, police pickets were established at strategic

points on identified infiltration routes to act as another tier of defence. These pickets besides police



Recoveries made by Police in Kupwara District.

personnel were manned by the JKAP and CRPF troops. Each Police Station of the Border District was provided with a Coy of JKAP and CRPF to operate against militants in a desired manner. With the introduction of Border Management Programme in Kupwara District, things appeared to have changed appreciably. Once considered the thoroughfare of infiltration, District Kupwara is now fast returning to normalcy. A large number of militants have been neutralised, hideouts smashed and a huge quantity of sophisticated arms including Anti-aircraft Guns and anti-tank incendiary missiles was recovered.

The SOGs proved so effective in anti-insurgency operations that besides boosting the morale of the rest of the police force, they also became a robust and potent instrument of the valley security grid, standing shoulder to shoulder with the elite PMFs and the Armed Forces, proving their worth in every operation and every encounter, often even leading from the front.



Weapons and ammunition recovered by SOG Srinagar.

With the efforts put in by all the wings of J&K Police, Police Stations of the valley are operational and fighting militancy and other crimes. Treating Police Station as basic unit of the policing more attention was paid towards strengthening them by providing adequate manpower, vehicles, equipment and weaponry. The JICs established earlier were closed in all the districts of the valley and police stations were made functional to deal independently from raid to arrest of militants to challaning of the case and execution of PSA warrants against the ANEs. During last four years, 2500 cases registered under TADA(P) Act in various Police Stations of the valley pending production were challaned against the militants in the court of law for judicial determination. Besides this, a total number of 24800 cases registered in other crimes during last four years were challaned in the concerned courts. From 1994 onwards the local police during raids arrested 130 militants independently and recovered a huge quantity of arms and ammunition as well.



Fake currency notes recovered by Police in Kashmir Valley.

Eruption of militancy in Valley had also its impact in Doda District in view of its proximity to the



Pilotless flying machines recovered by Police in Rajouri Dist.

Valley. The major induction in the militant ranks in 1990 and 1991 came from towns of Doda, Bhaderwah, Kishtwar and Banihal. Subsequently, some youth from rural areas also joined their ranks for various reasons. Some criminals joined hands with the militants. After acquiring arms training from across the border, these youth started indulging in subversive activities. Till 1992, these local youth



RDX and weapons seized by Jammu Police.

JAMMU PROVINCE



Weapons seized by Police in Doda District.

confined their activities mostly to Bomb blasts, arson and destruction of public property. But with the appearance of foreign mercenaries on the scene, District Doda witnessed an upsurge in militant activities. After the Security Forces mounted pressure in District Doda as well as in Valley, the militants sneaked into upper reaches of Udhampur District and started their activities by motivating youth. The twin border Districts Poonch and Rajouri were being used for hideouts as well as routes for going to Doda and Valley till late 1996, after which PAK ISI started making conscious efforts to bring

Poonch and Rajouri also on the militancy map.

In 1997, the militant activities decreased substantially due to active participation of the Police in anti-militancy operations. However, since the beginning of 1998, the militants picked up their activities in four militancy affected districts i.e. Poonch, Rajouri, Udhampur and Doda by inducting foreign mercenaries in large numbers. They resorted to mass killings and their main aim was to communalise the situation and force migration of minorities.

Successes of J&K Police in Jammu Zone in anti-militancy operations during 1998.

Militants Arrested	211
Militants Killed	23
Recoveries	
A.K. Rifles	43
Pistols/Revolvers	30
UMGs/MMGs	02
Mortars	01
Pilotless flying machines	02
Pika Guns	04
Other Weapons	07
Grenades	220
Detonators	431
Mines & Bombs	42
Explosives	7 Kgs.

A multi-pronged strategy was evolved to involve Police in anti-militancy operations which has given very encouraging results. These includes strengthening and modernising the local Police, recruitment of SPOs/Ex-servicemen, establishment of Border Police Posts, implementation of Security Grid, constitution of STF groups, training Police

Force in anti-insurgency operations and liberal system of rewards and promotions for those producing results on anti-militancy front. These



Weapons seized by Police in Surankot area of Poonch Dist.

efforts were supplemented by other measures like constitution and establishing of Village Defence Committees, establishment of Security Force Pickets at various strategic places, emphasis on joint operations and collection of actionable intelligence.

During the year 1998, the strength of Police in Jammu Zone went up by 34%. This was supplemented by posting of an additional Bn. of IRP in Mahore area of District Udhampur and JKAP Bn in Surankot area of District Poonch for anti-militancy operations. In District Doda, deployment of JKAP was further strengthened and one Bn is presently deployed for anti-militancy operations in the District.



Weapons and ammunition recovered by Police in Doda Dist.

The strengthening of deployment was supplemented by providing better fire power, communication equipment and transport. Thus, at present, we have STF pickets spread all over the region particularly in the militancy affected areas of

Doda, Udhampur, Rajouri and Poonch. The policemen deployed on these pickets are well trained and many of them have undergone strenuous anti-



Weapons and ammunition recovered by Border Police in Jammu

insurgency courses with specialised forces. The troops are highly motivated and professionally very sound. In addition to this, we have created large number of SPO pickets assisted by a network of Village Defence Committees all over the region. At present, we have 6,311 SPOs, 2,061 Ex-servicemen and 1,314 VDCs spread in Jammu region for assisting the Police in anti-militancy operations.



Weapons recovered by Jammu Police.

A new concept of border police posts devised by DGP, J&K has started bearing fruits on the ground as these posts create a new tier to check infiltration. It was towards the end of 1997 that the first stage of the scheme was implemented. In the first phase, 31 Border Police Posts in the Districts of Jammu and Kathua were established and are functional. The second stage is under implementation and another 17 Border Police Posts have been established in 1998. The Border Police Posts are basically located in border villages for

collection of intelligence regarding border crossers, hideouts of militants and related information. The intelligence reports are translated into operations to achieve desired results. The results achieved have been highly encouraging and during a short span of one year, the limited number of Border Police Posts have been responsible for killings of militants/infiltrators besides recovery of huge quantity of arms and ammunition.



Weapons recovered by Police in Poonch District.

To cater to the security requirement of minorities in remote areas, it has been thought necessary that Defence Pickets should be created at communally sensitive locations. To further check movement of militants in hinter-land, the requirement of establishing these defence pickets was found necessary. The aim of establishing these defence pickets was also to collect intelligence by reaching to the people and act fast on the information thus collected. These defence pickets were basically



Recovery of weapons and ammunition by Border Police in Jammu.

intended to dominate the area so that free movement of the militants in the villages is curtailed and

confidence among the villagers is built in the Government's ability to protect their lives and property. These pickets are exercising command and control in a more direct way over a group of VDCs under their areas of responsibility. The defence pickets have a positive impact by denying the militants an opportunity to establish hideouts, creating sympathizers, spreading rumours, anti-national propaganda, preventing migration of minorities and denying ANEs opportunity to indulge in massacres of the type witnessed at Prankot, Thakrai etc.

With the intention to seek and neutralise the militants in their hideouts, Operational Pickets (STF Pickets) have also been established in the militancy affected areas. In nutshell, three tier security grid has been formed consisting of Operational Pickets, Defence Pickets and Village Defence Committees so as to have a complete Police Security Grid in the four affected districts of Jammu Zone. In each Operational/Defence Picket, there is a group of Village Defence Committees under its effective command and control so as to involve the people at large in anti-militancy drive.

At present visible change can be seen in the security scenario. Major towns are free from militancy. There has been, no doubt, increase in militancy related incidents but this is mainly because of large number of encounters and increase in recovery of arms and ammunition. During the year 1998, 348 militants have been killed in Jammu Zone as against 183 militants killed during the year 1997. Similarly, there has been substantial increase in the encounters launched during the year 1998 (522) as compared to 1997 (250). Similarly, a large number of militants have been arrested during the year 1998 and various militancy related cases including bomb

blasts cases solved. In Jammu District, 13 old bomb blast cases have been worked out with the arrest of Sonaulah alias Bansil Lal S/o Ashiq Hussain R/o Oray, Teh Sialkot, Pakistan.

The J&K Police is fully involved in anti-militancy work. The Police not only collects information but translates it into further action. During the year a large number of operations were launched by the Police exclusively and good results have been achieved which is evident from the killing of PAK Army Serving Soldier namely Abu Rehman alias Masta Khan R/o Zindpur, Tehsil Bhimber in Amas Area, killing of Moin Ahmed, Pak militant, who had managed a passport from U.P. and Kausar Mahmood S/o Master Yaqoob Khan R/o Mora Bachai in Poonch District. Besides this two microlight aircrafts which were inducted by the ISI recently have been recovered from Kalakot area of Rajouri. This is for the first time from the onset of militancy in the State that a regular PAK Army serving soldier has been killed and two Remote Controlled Pilotless Aeromobles recovered.

The highlights of our successes during 1998 were :

- a) *Checking of migration to a great extent despite efforts made by the militants.*
- b) *Restoring of confidence among the people. This has helped in reducing the support of the people to the militants and providing of valuable information to the Security Forces/Police which ended in successful operations.*
- c) *Maintaining of communal harmony.*
- d) *Active participation of Police in anti-insurgency operations in which*



militants were killed and recovery of arms and ammunition made.

- e) *The VDCs have been successful in repulsing numerous militants attacks thereby foiling ANEs designs of forcing migration of minorities and communalising the situation.*

J&K ARMED POLICE

J&K Armed Police with 15 battalions deployed all over the state has displayed its mettle in securing protected persons and in fighting militancy. There are 3 battalions of Armed Police performing duties with Security Wing. The performance of these security personnel have received appreciation during Assembly and Lok Sabha elections. The challenges before the personnel of Armed Police with the security wing increased when a popular government took over the reigns as the militants never wanted to see a democratic rule prosper in our State. A number of attacks on protected persons were retaliated during 1998 and in some cases PSOs laid down their lives. The security set-up under IGP Security laid emphasis on training and imparting skills to the PSOs for which a Security Training Centre was created at Vijaypur.



A Jawan of JKAP manning a bunker in higher reaches of Udhampur District

The Special Operations Groups ever since their coming into existence had in their ranks a large number of armed police personnel in view of better training in weaponry and tactics. These numbers have further gone up with more volunteers having been inducted into SOG. The outstanding contribution of these armed personnel in anti-militancy operations is well-illustrated by the fact that 3 Inspectors, 25 Sub-Inspectors, 4 Assistant Sub Inspectors, 26 Head Constables, 49 SG Constables,

and 135 Constables of various battalions of armed police have been given out of turn promotion for their performance in SOG.



DGP inspecting an Armed Police contingent deployed in higher reaches of Udhampur District

In pursuance to the directions of Director General of Police, the year 1998 saw induction of armed police battalions into sensitive areas for anti-militancy operations. The thrust has now been shifted from individuals volunteering for SOG to large groups of armed personnel actively associating with SOG and Thana Police in anti-militancy operations. the newly raised IR battalions during 1998 were deployed in higher reaches of Udhampur and Kupwara districts for this purpose. A battalion each is already in Doda and Poonch working in tandem with district Police. Range DIsG and district SsP of Police have been instructed to make use of this manpower for operation work and it has yielded significant results within a very short period of time.



An alert JKAP personnel guarding a strategic point in the higher reaches of Poonch District.

The year also saw upgradation of weaponry of armed Police with each battalion having adequate number of automatic weapons. The operational battalions were provided adequate equipment

including winter clothing, defence material, generators and wireless equipment.

5,000 constables have been recruited for the civil police in the State during 1998 whose training posed a challenge. It was decided not to send recruits to outside the state but create own infrastructure for imparting good training suited to the local environment within the State itself. While the existing Training Institutes at Udhampur, Manigam and Kathua have contributed significantly in this, the Armed Police has, out of its existing resources, started two Subsidiary Training Centres at Talwara in Udhampur district and Channi Himmat in Jammu. The imparting of a high standard of professional training to these civil Police constables will be a great asset to the Zonal Police when they pass out and join their field duties by the middle of June 1999.

The personnel of J&K Armed Police, while fighting militancy, have made supreme sacrifices of their lives alongwith their brethren of other wings. During 1998, 23 Armed Police personnel were killed in anti-militancy operations in the State.

J&K Armed Police being a major constituent of the State Police force and an armed reserve, our priorities for the new year will be as follows:-

- a) *Equipping the manpower with better training and weaponry to involve more battalions in anti-militancy operations.*
- b) *Ensuring that adequate facilities are provided to improve the living conditions of Armed Police personnel who have mostly to remain away from their homes and in small groups where sufficient facilities do not exist.*
- c) *Raising of two more IR battalions, their training on modern lines and deploying them on operational duties.*
- d) *Improving mobility, weaponry and communication system of J&K Armed Police.*
- e) *To devote to welfare measures for serving as well as retired police personnel and look after families of these who sacrificed their lives while fighting militancy.*
- f) *Establishing of battalion Headquarters with adequate infrastructure at Doda, Poonch, Kalakote, Baramulla, Kupwara and Pulwama.*



Crime Branch — A step towards Change

- Shikha Goel, IPS

Created as a part of CID, Crime Branch is the specialized investigating agency of the State police. In the year 1995 Crime Branch finally attained an independent identity when it was separated from CID. Till April 1991, cases investigated by Crime Branch were those which had been transferred to it by the DGP. In April 1991, Government of J&K issued SRO 133 wherein Office of Superintendents of Police Jammu/Srinagar became Police Station and suo moto action could be initiated by Crime Branch for certain types of offence detailed in the SRO.

Over the years there has been a general proliferation in the registration of cases in Crime Branch without adequate scrutiny regarding desirability or quality of the cases taken for investigation. The year 1998 witnessed the modernization of Crime Branch and introduction of various changes in its functioning.



DGP inaugurating State Crime Records Bureau.

A proposal for certain amendments in SRO 133 was taken up with the Government which envisages the declaration of Crime Branch Police Station as Special Police Station and identification of types of offences which would be taken for investigation by the Crime Branch. It also entails registration of cases only on order of the head of Crime Branch and would confer all powers of Officer I/c of Police Station to all officers of and above the rank of Inspectors posted in the Crime Branch. This proposal is pending with the Government. However, in the meantime a Circular was issued to streamline the working of Crime Branch. A system for effective

supervision from the point a complaint/information is received to the time it is finally disposed off by the court has been implemented.

During the year certain cases with serious ramifications were taken up for investigation by the Crime Branch. These include the infamous JDA Scam, the fake education certificate scandal, the Co-operative Society case, the multi-crore Sales Tax Scam, the unearthing of fraudulent sale and purchase of cars, the fraudulent appointment in education department etc.



Spot Detection Kits for development of fingerprints.

Besides the Crime Wing, changes were also introduced in other wings of the Crime Branch. The State Crime Records Bureau (SCRB), J&K, Jammu was inaugurated on April 22, 1998 by the Director General of Police, J&K. Manned by 3 Sub Inspectors (Computers), 1 Head Constable, 1 SG Constable and 1 Constable, it is involved in implementation of Crime-Criminal-Information System (CCIS) Package of National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi. It helps and guides the staff posted in District Crime Records Bureaux (DCRBx). During the year 1998, Sub Inspector (Computer) were posted in each range Headquarters so as to rejuvenate the DCRBx. A proposal was sent to Home Department for amendment of relevant Police Rules to facilitate the adoption of Integrated Input Forms (IIFs) essential for implementation of CCIS Package. In SCRБ, short term computer courses were organised to make the police personnel posted in Crime Branch computer friendly.

On May 26, 1998, Finger Print Analysis and Criminal Tracing System (FACTS) became functional at the Crime and Railways Headquarters. FACTS became functional at the Crime and Railways Headquarters. FACTS is an automatic fingerprint identification system (AFIS) that automatically detects features of fingerprints and matches them against those stored in the database. The logical steps used in this system are depicted in the following flow chart :



At present the database at the Crime and Railways Headquarters comprises of 3,000 FP Slips. Around 5,654 slips were received during the year out of which about 1,258 slips were of appropriate quality. Search slips are being received from the districts and the verification process is under way. FACTS is a step towards standardisation and uniformity in feeding criminal data in the computers and is being implemented in all the states of the country.

During the year a detailed study of the functioning of Forensic Science Laboratory (FSL) covering both administrative and technical aspects was got conducted through Prof. P. Chandra Shekharan, former Director, Forensic Department, Tamil Nadu. He suggested a new system to revitalize the FSL. A proposal based on the recommendations of Prof. Shekharan was put forth to the Government. In the meantime, the district FSL Units were re-activated. Various courses were organised at FSL to promote investigator-scientific interaction.



Vacuum Box for lifting Dust Prints

State-of-the-art equipments like PC-based UV Spectrometer, Stereozoom Microscope, Reprovit, Latent Fingerprint Finder, Scene of Crime investigation Kit Boxes, Spot Testing Kit Boxes, Narcotics Testing Kit Boxes, Explosive Detection Kit Boxes etc. were procured and are being used in the FSL to help in scientific investigation of cases.

The year 1998 thus heralded an era of greater professionalism in the Crime Branch.



Investigators of State Crime Branch being trained in application of latest forensic techniques

CHANGING FACE OF J&K POLICE

1998 — An Year of Proactive initiatives

1998 was a landmark year for J&K Police. A number of major initiatives were launched, reorganisation and modernisation programmes were carried out and several goals and objectives met.

ADAPTING TO NEW SITUATIONS

To be a step ahead of the criminals and militants and be ready for the next millennium, J&K



Top : DGP J&K inaugurating State Crime Records Bureau

Bottom : Stereozoom trilocular microscope being used for examining question document.

Police continues to harness technology. Numerous steps in the direction of modernising J&K Police were taken during the year.

■ As part of upgradation programme of investigation and training, a number of new additions were made to the State Forensic Laboratory, which include :

- Two stereo zoom Trilocular Microscopes with TV attachments for examination of question documents.
- UV Visible computerised Spectrophotometer for analysing chemical constituents.
- Forensic Laser microscope with computer and laser printer for examining fire arms.
- Finger print comparator Model-2000.
- Dust print lifting kit.
- Poly-ray light and cynowand hard evidence developers.

■ Procuring of computerised Finger Print Record System for setting up of Finger Print Bureau in the State.

■ Establishment of Finger Print Analysis and Criminal Tracing system (FACTS).

■ Assessing the suitability of weapons for adoption by J&K Police. A large number of automatic weapons added.

■ Procurement of Fire Arms Training Simulator (FATS) is in the pipe line.

■ To help increase the security level, modern and sophisticated gadgets including Portable and Static Jammers, Explosive Detectors baggage X-ray Systems, Laser Aim Pointers, Night Vision Devices, Hand held Metal detectors (HHMDs), Door frame Metal Detectors (DFMDs) and Anomaly Locators were procured.

■ For upgradation and improvisation of Police Telecommunication System, a number of new additions were made, which include :

- Fabrication of Mobile Communication Van.
- Satellite Communication through INMARSAT introduced and provided to remote districts of Poonch, Rajouri, Kupwara, Kargil and Doda.
- 200 new telephone connections provided through Police EPABX.
- Establishment of Wireless Stations in border areas of Jammu, Kathua, Baramulla and Kupwara districts.
- Replacement of 250 PORT Exchanges by 512 PORT Exchanges at Jammu and Srinagar.
- Installation of 128 PORT Exchange at Police Complex Zewan, Srinagar.
- Scrambler fitted telephone equipments provided to Superintendents of Police in Kashmir Valley for secure communication.
- Data Communication facilities provided at Batote, Doda.
- VHF Mobile Cover provided to Leh and Kargil districts.
- District Communication links established between Doda district of J&K and Chamba district of Himachal Pardesh to co-ordinate anti-militancy operations.
- Communication facility extended to GRP on Jammu-Kathua Rail strip.
- Hot line between Srinagar-Leh and Srinagar-Kargil introduced.
- Police Exchange commissioned at Leh.
- Indigenous direction finding system developed.

WELFARE OF FORCE — ON HIGH AGENDA

The most memorable and heartening times of the year were, perhaps, the string of welfare programmes organised and welfare measures taken

for the officers and men of the Police force with the aim of ensuring high morale of police personnel. The



Widows/NOK of martyred Policemen being honoured by DGP

following core areas were concentrated and improved on :

- Creating promotional opportunities to remove stagnation.
- Monetary help to Police personnel in distress situations.
- Improving healthcare facilities for Police personnel and their families.
- Recreational facilities.
- Scholarship for the wards of Police personnel.
- Enhancing of Ex-gratia relief to the next of kin of the Police personnel who are killed in action.



Smt. Kiran Jagat inaugurating Bal Niketan for the wards of Police personnel.

■ Improvement in job logistics and better residential facilities

■ Vigorous follow-up of the proposals and recommendations regarding :

- Police Housing.
- Removal and anomalies in pay scales of HCs/SGCTs.
- Establishment of separate GP fund office for Police employees.
- Continuance of HRA to armed Police personnel when battalions move to militancy effected areas.
- Enhancing of Risk allowance.
- Enhancing of Ration allowance.
- Reserving 7% posts at the level of constables for wards of retired and serving Police personnel.

EXPENDITURE ON WELFARE ACTIVITIES IN 1998

WELFARE ACTIVITY	AMOUNT IN Rs.
☆ Special welfare relief paid to NOK of the policemen killed :	1,15,91,000
☆ To honour the widows/NOK of those Policemen who laid down their lives fighting militancy :	9,15,000
☆ DGPs special awards for meritorious children of serving personnel :	1,00,000
☆ Organising tournaments and promotion of sports activities to build up an active and healthy life style of Police personnel :	10,48,036
☆ Collective welfare activities like opening of departmental stores, running of school for children, procuring of recreational logistics, gas connections, water coolers, Barakhana etc. :	5,66,167
☆ Welfare loan to Police personnel:	5,62,200
☆ Welfare relief to Police personnel:	3,41,900
☆ Welfare relief to retired Police personnel :	6,19,742
☆ Purchase of vision aids (spectacles) for 255 Police personnel :	50,870
☆ Cash rewards to 3 retired Police personnel :	6,000
☆ Cash rewards to serving Police personnel in Essay writing competition :	8,000

RECRUITMENT

Following the continued emphasis on strengthening the force and to meet growing needs of manpower to make the force more efficient and productive, a record number of recruitments were made during the year. 46 Prosecuting Officers (POs), 168 SIs (115 SIs of J&K Armed Police, 31 SIs of Police Telecommunication and 22 SIs of Crime Branch), 14 Laboratory attendants for Forensic Science Laboratory and 5,426 Constables including 536 Constable operators of Police



On-the-spot special recruitment drive.

Telecommunication and 26 Constables mechanics of Motor transport wing were recruited. Of the 5,426 constables recruited, 1,226 constables were enrolled through on-the-spot special recruitment drive, launched in the far-flung and border areas of the State. The recruitments were made through rigorous selection process by considering the physical fitness, psychological profile and educational qualification to ensure that the best talent was enrolled.

PROMOTIONS

New initiatives were taken for the organisational development and restructuring of J&K Police during 1998. Creation of posts, at the ranks other than those of constables, improving promotional avenues of the existing manpower, contributed in making Police careers competitive and helped in providing good prospects for development of Police personnel. A record number of 2,540 promotions were ordered during the year. 99 Police officers from Gazetted cadre (2 Inspectors General of Police, 2 Deputy Inspectors General of Police, 2 Additional Deputy Inspectors General of Police, 16 Superintendents of Police, 48 Deputy Superintendents of Police, 2 Deputy Directors of

prosecution, 10 Chief Prosecuting Officers, 16 Senior Prosecuting Officers and one Deputy Director of Forensic Science Laboratory), 775 from non-gazetted cadre (66 Prosecuting Officers, 158 Inspectors of Police, 155 Sub-Inspectors of Police and 396 Assistant Sub-Inspectors) and 1,666 Lower Subordinates (719 Head constables, 58 Selection grade constables and 889 constables) were elevated to their next higher ranks.

CONSTRUCTION AND BUILDING DEVELOPMENT

To enhance the operational efficiency and service quality and improvement in the working environment of the officers and men of J&K Police,



Top : Shri Ashok Jaitly, Chief Secretary, J&K, inaugurating OPD Block of Police Hospital.

Bottom : Shri Gurbachan Jagat, DGP, J&K, inaugurating additional block of CID Hqrs. Complex.

the following construction projects were undertaken by the Construction Division of J&K State :

- Updating, renovating and providing of additional accommodation to 52 buildings housing Police Stations/ Posts.

- Improvising and providing additional bed capacity to two Police Hospitals at Srinagar and Jammu.



Inauguration of Police Petrol Pump at Srinagar.

- Expansion and updating of the main building housing Police Telecommunication Centre at Jammu.
- Improvising of Police Control Room Campus at Srinagar by earth filling 32 Kanals of marshy land.
- Providing of additional barrack accommodation at Jammu, Kathua, Vijaypur, Udhampur, Srinagar and Budgam.
- Updating and renovating the buildings of welfare centres at Srinagar and Jammu.
- Providing of additional accommodation for trainees at Police Academy Udhampur.
- Construction of 20 Border Police Stations/Posts.

AWARDS AND MEDALS

■ The President of India was pleased to award Police Medals for gallantry to Shri Farooq Khan SP, Shri R.K.Jalla I/C SP Special Operation Group, SI Amanullah Khan, 3425/NGO JKAP XIII Bn., SG Constable Balwinder Singh, 388/JKAP VIII Bn., SG Constable Mohmad Yaqoob, 1618/S and Late G.S.Bhau I/C Dy. SP (OPS) Kupwara.

■ Shri Rajan Bakhshi, IPS, Inspector General of Police (Modernisation) and Dr Ashok Bhan, IPS,



Shri Rajan Bakhshi, IPS



Dr Ashok Bhan, IPS



SI Mohd. Sultan



HC Manzoor Ahmed

Inspector General of Police (Armed) were decorated with Police Medals for distinguished service.

■ Shri C.L. Banal, IPS, Commissioner Civil Military liaison, Shri S.S. Bijral, IPS, Deputy Inspector



Shri C.L. Banal, IPS



Shri S.S. Bijral, IPS

General of Police (SSG), Inspector(Tech) Moti Lal, No.1354/NGO of Police Telecom, Sub Inspector Harbans Lal No.2616/NGO of Police Academy Udhampur, Sub Inspector Mohmad Sultan, No. 2140/NGO of 7th Bn. JKAP and Head Constable Manzoor Ahmed Shah, No.104/III Bn. JKAP were awarded Police Medals for meritorious service.

■ 90 officers received the Director General's Police Medals for 1998.



Inspector(Tech) Moti Lal



SI Harbans Lal

ENHANCEMENT OF TRAINING INFRA-STRUCTURE

● New training capabilities were created at the Sher-i-Kashmir Police Academy at Udhampur-the premier Training Institute in J&K. The Academy developed training curriculum and infrastructure for imparting training in Human rights, Scientific Aids, Anti-insurgency operations and research in Police Sciences. Effort are afoot to affiliate the academy to a University for better academic interaction and quality research which will eventually pave way for award of degrees in Police administration.

● Police Training Schools at Manigam & Kathua were established to impart basic training to recruit constables. 1,000 recruit constables are presently under training at Kathua and a batch of 316 recruit constables passed out from Manigam on November 11. A batch of 1,000 recruits is joining Manigam PTS shortly.



Training activity at Police Academy Udhampur.

● Subsidiary Training Centres (STCs) at Channi Himmat (Jammu) and Talwara (Reasi) were setup. 2,000 recruit constables of Executive Police are undergoing their basic course in these centres at present.

- A technical training centre has been established at Vijaypur (Samba) for specialised training in intelligence, security, telecommunication and photography. Presently 450 recruit constable operators of telecommunication wing are undergoing basic course at the said centre, who are scheduled to pass out in March 1999.



A view of Commando Course at Police Academy Udhampur.

ready for field duties after completion of their basic training.

- By Aug. 1999, about 4,500 constables of Executive Police and by December 1999, two Bns. of IRP and 2,000 more recruit constables will be



Training in Martial Arts at Technical Training Centre Vijaypur

ANNUAL RAISING DAYS OF ARMED/IR Bns/AUX. POLICE

For keeping the morale of the troops high and to inculcate a sense of comradeship and kinmanship amongst various personnel, posted in the Battalions, raising day functions of the battalions were



Raising Day celebrations of JKAP 6th Bn.

celebrated. The programmes included :

- Ceremonial parades



Raising Day of Auxiliary Police 2nd Bn.

- Meetings/Seminars of GOs and NGOs to discuss professional issues
- Darbars by seniors officers



Raising Day celebrations of JKAP 8th Bn.

- Inter-Coy sports tournaments
- Cultural programmes
- Competitions in professional abilities.

The programme for each raising day celebrations was spread over 2 to 3 days and following Annual raising days were held during the year :

Battalion	Location	Date
14th Bn JKAP	Zewan, Srinagar	March 22
Auxiliary Police 2nd Bn	Jammu	April 01
13th Battalion JKAP	Draba, Poonch	Aug 26
6th Battalion JKAP	Baramulla	Nov 16
9th Battalion JKAP	Doda	Nov 19
7th Battalion JKAP	Srinagar	Nov 21
8th Battalion JKAP	Jammu	Nov 29

PASSING OUT PARADES

During the year 1998, 4788 recruit constables passed out from various training institutes in and outside the State and a substantial enhancement



Chief Minister addressing a POP of Recruit Constables from J&K at Jalandhar.

was achieved in the Police strength particularly of District Police.

PASSING OUT PARADES OF RECRUITS IN 1998

Date	Training Institute	No. of recruit constables passed out
June 18	PTS Jharoda Kalan (Delhi)	612
July 11	PTS Kathua (Jammu)	984
July 15	SK Police Academy Udhampur	659 including 160 women
July 18	PTC Madhuban (Haryana)	999
July 27	IRTC Vijaypur (Jammu)	402
Aug 08	PAP RTC Jalandhar (Punjab)	816
Nov 11	PTS Manigam (Srinagar)	316



MOS Home, J&K, taking salute at the POP at PTS Kathua.

IN THE ARENA OF SPORTS

The credit for revival of sports activity in the Valley clearly goes to J&K Police. In a well thought and systematic manner under the guidance of Shri Gurbachan Jagat, DGP and Shri S. S. Ali, then Addl.DGP Armed Police, the department patronized a number of sports activities and tournaments not only in Srinagar but in the *mofussil* towns as well. The State Badminton Championship for Men and Women in Government Women's College, Nawakadal, Inter Bn Tournament at TRC Grounds, Srinagar, Challenger Cup Football Tournament at Iddgah, Srinagar, Annual Hockey Tournament at Baramulla and Ist Mushtaq Memorial Football Tournament gave impetus to sports activity in the Valley. J&K Police also volunteered to assist J&K

Kayaking and Canoeing Association in organising 9th National Championship in Srinagar and State



Winners of Mushtaq Memorial Football Tournament.

Swimming Championships and a number of Hockey Tournaments were organized by our support.



State Volleyball Championship at Jammu.

The creditable performances of our teams in various tournaments included :

- Winners J&K State Basketball Tournament (January 1998, Jammu).
- Winners Annual Hockey Tournament, Baramulla (August 1998).
- Winners Hockey in Rural Festival, Baramulla (August 1998).
- Winners 5th National Hockey Championship (August 1998, Srinagar).
- Winners Mushtaq Memorial Football Tournament (September 1998, Srinagar).

- Winners Football Tournament at Sopore (October 1998).
- Runners-up Sher-i-Kashmir Football Cup (December 1998, Jammu).
- Champions, State Volleyball Championship (December 1998, Jammu).
- Const Jameez Singh of IR 1st Bn declared Mr Jammu (December 1998).



Constable Jameez Singh of IR 1st Bn (Mr Jammu).

O V E R V I E W

ECO-FRIENDLY INITIATIVES

As part of our continued effort to raise the awareness about conservation of ecology, several programmes and drives were launched during the year :

- A State wide plantation drive, in



Plantation drive launched in Armed Police Complex, Zewan.

collaboration with the forest department was launched and a special plantation programme was organised in Armed Police Complex at Zewan (Srinagar) in March 1998.



Dr Farooq Abdullah, Chief Minister, at the Youth Rally.

- J&K Police, jointly with department of environment and remote sensing, organised a mammoth youth rally to create awareness about preserving environment. About 20 thousand children participated in the march, which was flagged off from the historic Lal Chowk in Srinagar on Oct. 06 by Ch. Mohd Ramzan, Hon'ble Minister for Forest. Dr. Farooq Abdullah, Chief Minister, addressed the youth rally at TRC grounds. Officers and men of JKAP, District Police and security wing made elaborate arrangement besides participating in the rally.

PAINTING COMPETITION

On Sept. 5, a painting competition was organised by the Police Telecommunication and the Traffic Enforcement branch of J&K Police in Sher-i-Kashmir Park at Srinagar. Over 300 children from various schools of the city participated in the competition. Smt. Kiran Jagat distributed the prizes amongst the winners which included Nighat Ara of Police colony, Sabhat Naseem of Burn Hall school, Nazir Ahmed of CMS School and Zahid of Minto Circle School.

POLICE WEEK CELEBRATED

Aimed at better Police-Public relations and generating ideas for improving performance by

exchange of views within the force and with the public at large, J&K Police for the first time organised a "Police Week" in Srinagar from September 04. The Celebrations Commenced with a seminar on "Challenges before the J&K Police". Papers were presented by Shri P.S. Gill, IGP Kashmir Zone on "Anti Militancy Operations," by Dr. Ashok Bhan, IGP



DGP J&K and IGP Kashmir Zone watching a Boat Race in Dal lake Srinagar.

(Armed) on "Discipline and Man management" and by Sh. R.V. Raju. IGP (Crime & Railways) on "Improving investigating skill". The other events which took place during the celebrations of the "Police week" included :

- A function to honour widows of the martyred Policemen during militancy.
- A dog show organised by the State Crime Branch.
- Painting Competition.
- Boat races in Dal Lake.
- Cultural programmes and Barakhana

CONTRIBUTION IN CREATIVE FIELDS

An all India Mushaira, organised jointly by J&K Police, Cinescope and a Delhi based organisation IPTA, was held in Srinagar on Nov. 22. leading Urdu poets of the country including Nida Fazili, Baikal Utsahi, Zubair Rizvi, Saqi Farooq, Jagan Nath Azad, Agha Kazalbash and Sagar Khayami enthralled the local audience in the Sher-i-Kashmir international conference centre (SKICC). Such an event was held in the Valley after nearly 10 years. Speaking on the occasion, Sh Gh.

Mohi-Ud-Din Shah, Minister for roads and bridges, the chief guest, said that it was a welcome change that the valley was once again providing a platform in creative fields.



All India Mushaira at Srinagar.

COMMUNICATION WEEK CELEBRATIONS

Police Telecommunication Week was observed at Srinagar from May 18. Various events held during the week included :



Chief Minister addressing during Communication Week.

- Communication race amongst Telecom teams of Jammu Zone, Kashmir Zone and Armed Police.
- Technical competition for fault finding and fault repairs.
- District Radio Officers Conference.
- Sports events amongst Police Telecom personnel.
- On-the-spot painting competition

amongst children of Telecom personnel.

- Essay Competition.
- Presentation/demonstration of State-of-the-art communication equipment/system.
- Flagging-off of Mobile Communication
- Release of New Telephone Directory.

POLICE HELP SITES - FAST RESPONSE TO PUBLIC PROBLEMS

Two Police Help Sites, one each at Srinagar and Jammu, were commissioned to offer a single window



*Top : Chief Minister, J&K, inaugurating Help Site at Srinagar.
Bottom : DGP, J&K, inaugurating Help Site at Jammu.*

public utility service to redress the problems of the public quickly and in a fixed time frame. Police Help Site in Srinagar was inaugurated by the Chief Minister, Dr Farooq Abdullah on May 21 and in Jammu by Shri Gurbachan Jagat, DGP J&K, on May 23.

STRESS MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

A 2-day stress management workshop, organised by Mumbai based expert, Dr. Deepak Rao, concluded at the Police Headquarters in Srinagar on May 08. Shri Gurbachan Jagat, DGP J&K, presided over the inaugural session on May 07. Over 70 gazetted and non-gazetted officers of various wings of J&K Police, including STF, participated in the workshop.

OPERATIONALLY READY

In addition to various Police duties, the J&K Police carried out a number of special operations. An example would be the adequate arrangements for traffic, security and communications for SHRI



Hon'ble Chief Justice of the Supreme Court approaching towards the Holy Cave of Shri Amarnathji.

AMARNATHJI YATRA which concluded on August 12 with 1.5 lakhs pilgrims visiting the holy cave. J&K Police lived up to its good name when it efficiently and professionally handled the Yatra's security arrangements.

HIGHLIGHTS OF ACTIVITIES OF TRAFFIC POLICE DURING 1998

- **Change in pattern of uniform from Khaki to Blue :** Traffic Police personnel have been provided blue uniform on the new pattern with white braces cross, white anklets and particular traffic insignia to distinguish the traffic personnel from the Executive Police.
- **Capsule Courses for Traffic personnel organised in Jammu and Srinagar :** In the year 1998, after the Darbar Move, special

capsule courses were organised in Traffic Lines Srinagar/Jammu. Traffic Personnel were imparted special training in batches.



Hon'ble Minister for Transport, Shri B.A. Kichloo, inaugurating Traffic Week in Srinagar.

- **Process for selecting stout, young and energetic Constables for induction into Traffic Police :** PHQ has ordered the selection to be made by the IGP Traffic from all Battalions and Districts for transfer of suitable constables to Traffic keeping especially the height factor in view while making selections. In respect of the Kashmir Valley the process is complete. Stout, young and energetic constables have been posted in Kashmir Traffic. The process is going on in Jammu.
- **Awareness programmes :** Traffic awareness programmes are continuously being organized. Besides this seminars were conducted and officers of the traffic participated on the electronic media to spread the message of safe driving.



A view of Traffic Week celebrations in Srinagar.

- *Road Safety Week in Jammu in January 1998 and Srinagar in July 1998* : In the year 1998, traffic week was celebrated in Jammu with maximum participation of the people and the traffic personnel. Many Non-Governmental Organisations were involved by the Traffic Police to create traffic awareness. School children in large numbers were involved in the awareness drive.

- In Kashmir, Traffic Week was celebrated almost after 10 years in July 1998 with pomp and show which had lot of effect in raising the level of consciousness of the general masses with regard to rights and duties of the pedestrians and commuters.

J&K HOME GUARDS CONTINGENT IN REPUBLIC DAY PARADE

The J&K Home Guards Contingent participated in the Republic Day Parade in New Delhi after having been specially chosen to represent 13 lakh Homeguards/Civil Defence volunteers of the country. The Director General of Home Guards, Government of India, appreciated the performance of the J&K Homeguards Contingent.

MEDICAL CAMPS HELD

Medical camps were held at Police Hospital



Voluntary Blood Donation Camp of IR 4th Bn at Jammu.

Jammu w.e.f. December 18 to December 22. The highlights of the camps were :

- Awareness programmes and lectures in the fields of Ophthalmology, Medical, family planning, Dental care,

hygiene, management of snake bites and Hypertension.

- A total number of 1,630 Police personnel were given medical checks.



Pulse Polio drops being administered at Police Hospital Sgr.

- After ophthalmological examination 15 patients were operated upon and 320 spectacles were provided free of cost.
- 50 new diabetic patients were detected and provided medical advice and medicines.
- 110 cases of hypertension were detected and provided advice on management and medication.
- Over 180 Police personnel donated blood voluntarily.



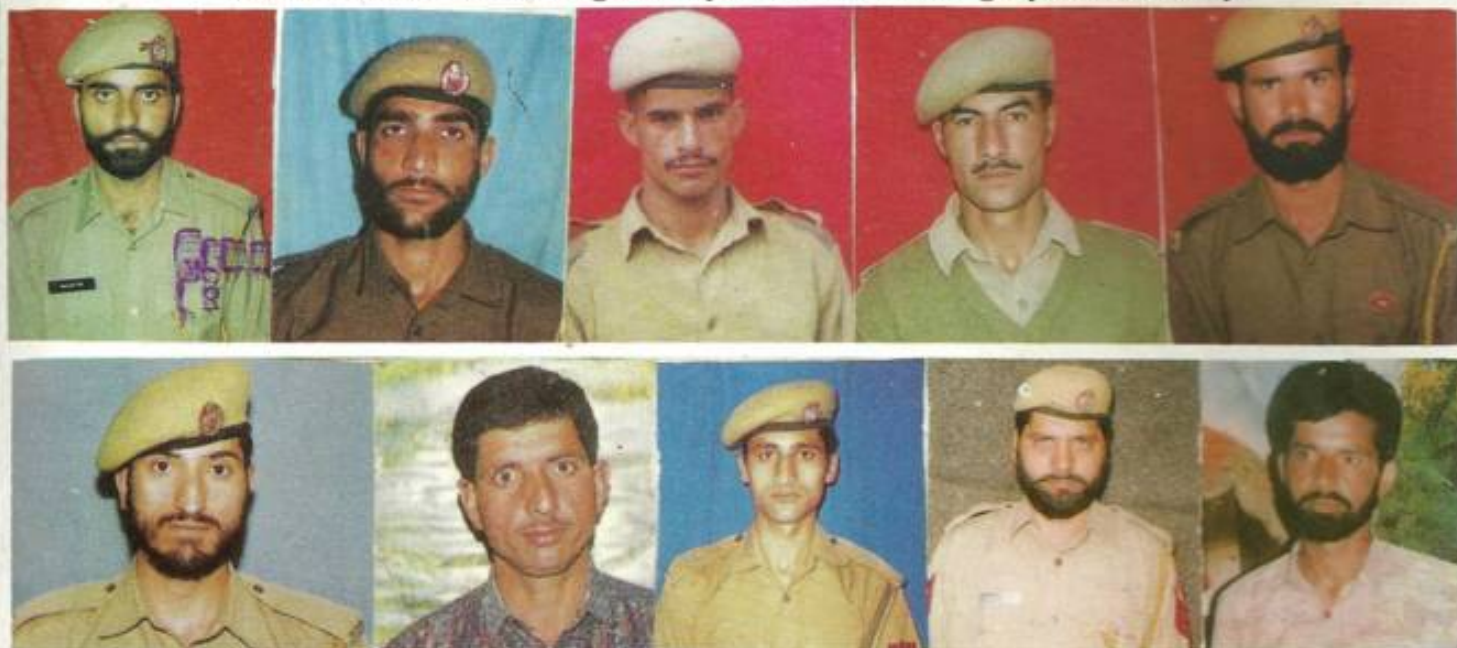
Voluntary Blood Donation Camp of IR 1st Bn at Srinagar.

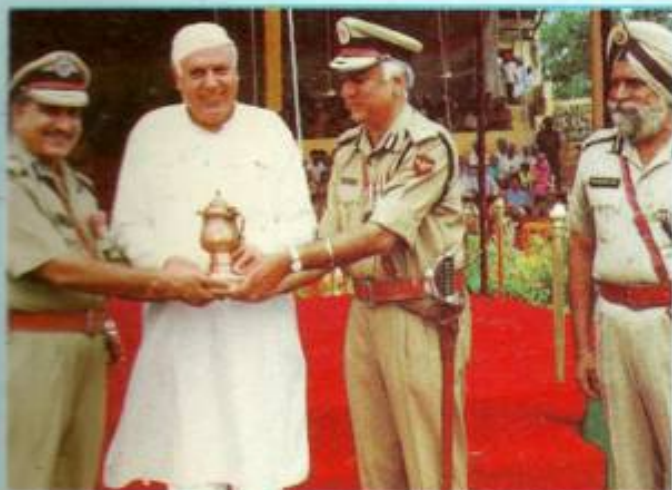
OUR BRAVE COLLEAGUES WHO LAID DOWN THEIR LIVES WHILE FIGHTING MILITANCY DURING 1998

We salute them and take an oath that their sacrifices will not go waste.

S.No.	RANK	NAME	NO.	S.No.	RANK	NAME	NO.
1	DySP	Gulbadan Singh	-	28	Const	Md.Ramzan Wagay	803/A
2	SI	Gh.Mohd.	4726/NGO	29	Const	Qayoom Hussain	524/P
3	SI	Naresh Kumar Kapai	4163/NGO	30	Const	Mushtaq Ahmad	803/3rd
4	PSI	Ajay Gupta	4372/NGO	31	Const	Tasaduq Hussain	832/S
5	HC	Noor Mohd	142/XIV	32	Const	Gh. Mustaffa	462/S
6	HC	Bashir Ahmad	691/III	33	Const	Nizam-ul-Haq	692/IRP
7	HC	Abdul Rehman	499/XI	34	Const	Shadi Lal	950/B
8	HC	Krishan Dutt	92/D	35	Const	Fateh Mohd.	620/IRP
9	HC	Bashir Ahmad	901/S	36	Const	Nazir Ahmad	150/III
10	HC	Gh.Mohi-ud-Din	2429/S	37	Const	Majoor Ahmad	1086/U
11	HC	Hakim Din	29 IRP-Ist	38	Const	Ravinder Kumar	741/IR-II
12	HC	Gul Mohd.	58/XI	39	Const	Kaka Singh	250/XIII
13	SGCt	Gh.Mohd.	1412/S	40	Const	Hari Singh	442/XIII
14	SGCt	Mohd.Ishaq	775/7th	41	Const	Afroz Singh	805/A
15	SGCt	Saif Ullah Khan	407/Sec	42	Const	Chain Singh	521/D
16	SGCt	Mohd.Yousaf	693/A	43	Const	Mohd.Amin	462/8th
17	SGCt	Satish Kumar	835/D	44	Const	Gulzar Ahmad	858/8th
18	SGCt	Gh.Mohd.	202/PL	45	Const	Hari Chand	483/III
19	SGCt	Ab.Ahad Dar	479/KP	46	Const	Ramzan Ahmad	594/P
20	SGCt	Mohd.Ismail Khan	1135/Aux	47	Const	Zakir Hussain	740/P
21	Const	Ashaq Hussain	484/P	48	Const	Mohd.Yaqoob	555/III
22	Const	Mehfooz Ahmad	533/P	49	Const	Roshan Lal	215/IRP-Ist
23	Const	Mohd.Bashir	205/P	50	Const	Roop Lal	446/IRP-Ist
24	Const	Mukhtiar Ahmad	520/P	51	Const	Mohd. Jamal	1543/A
25	Const	Jai Kumar	399/XIV	52	Const	Ali Mohd.	1551/A
26	Const	Habibullah	107/BD	53	Const	Mohd.Zubee	1249/D
27	Const	Abdul Qayoom	1537/S	54	Const.Dvr	Mohd.Hussain	443/Sec

Our tributes to these and many other colleagues who made supreme sacrifice
of their lives for maintaining security and territorial integrity of the country.





- Top Left : A memento being presented to Director General of Punjab Police, Shri P.C. Dogra.
 Right : We shall carry forward the unfinished task of martyr G.S. Bhau, DySP, who laid down his life fighting militants.
 Centre Left : Director General of Police, Shri Gurbachan Jagat, paying floral tributes at the Police Memorial.
 Right : Shri Gurbachan Jagat, DGP, receiving the Winners Cup from the Hon'ble Chief Minister.
 Bottom Left : Champions, State Volleyball Championship.
 Right : Dr Farooq Abdullah, Chief Minister, inspecting POP at Police Academy, Udhampur.



**A Police Force
ready for the
next millennium**